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1 2 3 4	TONY RACKAUCKAS, DISTRICT ATTORNEY COUNTY OF ORANGE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA STATE BAR NUMBER 051374 401 CIVIC CENTER DRIVE SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92701 TELEPHONE: (714) 834-3600	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ORANGE CENTRAL JUSTICE CENTER FEB 14 2011	
5	· ·	ALAN CARLSON, Clork of the Court	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	BY: M. CURRY	
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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF CAI	LIFORNIA	
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF ORANGE, CENT	RAL JUSTICE CENTER	
10	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	Case No. 30-2011	
11 12		COMPLAINT FOR 49392	
13	Plaintiff,	AND PERMANENT	
14	v.	INJUNCTION TO ABATE A PUBLIC NUISANCE FILED UNDER SEAL PURSUANT TO	
15	FULLERTON TOKERS TOWN CRIMINAL STREET GANG (an unincorporated association)		
16	Defendant.	JUDGE KAZUHARU MAKINO	
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18	District Till Dollar Call Carte of Call Commi	- 1 I thurseal their etternory of	
19	Plaintiff, The People of the State of California, by and through their attorney o		
20	record, Tony Rackauckas, District Attorney, allege against Defendant, Fullerton Tokers		
21	Town Criminal Street Gang (an unincorporated association), as follows:		
22	THE PARTIES		

1. The Plaintiff, The People of the State of California, represented by Tony Rackauckas, District Attorney for the County of Orange, bring this action pursuant to and by the authority of section 731 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

2. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that at all times herein mentioned Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang (hereinafter "Fullerton Tokers Town") was and now is an unincorporated association of two or more individuals

commonly referred to as a criminal street gang that are joined together for social, recreational, profit and other common purposes, and which acts by and through its members, both individually and collectively. Fullerton Tokers Town is a "criminal street gang" as defined in Penal Code § 186.22(f), (1) being an ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons; (2) having as one of its primary activities the commission of, attempted commission of, or conspiracy to commit: assault with a deadly weapon or by means of force likely to produce great bodily injury, unlawful homicide or manslaughter, sale and possession for sale of controlled substances, discharging or permitting the discharge of a firearm from a motor vehicle, intimidation of witnesses or victims, felony vandalism, possession of a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person in violation of Penal Code section 12101, subdivision (a)(1), and prohibited possession, carrying concealed and carrying loaded a firearm; (3) having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol; and (4) whose members individually and collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity. Fullerton Tokers Town conducts its affairs and activities within the City of Fullerton, City of Anaheim, City of Buena Park, and the City of Placentia, in the County of Orange, State of California. Fullerton Tokers Town is a gang whose enemies include Boys from the Hood (Anaheim), Westside Anaheim (Anaheim), Jeffrey Street (Anaheim), Citron Street (Anaheim), Folks (Anaheim), Westside La Habra (La Habra), All West Coast - AWC (La Habra), Plas (Placentia), La Jolla (Placentia), Wicked Minds (Fullerton), Baker Street (Fullerton), Eastside Buena Park (Buena Park), Coyotes (Buena Park) and Under No Authority (Buena Park).

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3. Fullerton Tokers Town is sued as an unincorporated association under Code of Civil Procedure section 369.5. Fullerton Tokers Town members share a common name and purpose. Fullerton Tokers Town functions under circumstances where fairness requires that the group be recognized as a distinct legal entity, because members of Fullerton Tokers Town invoke their gang's name "Fullerton Tokers Town" during the commission of illegal sales of controlled substances, shootings, assaults, robberies, gang

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graffiti, and other crimes and nuisance behavior, in order to intimidate citizens, witnesses and victims. Equity demands Defendant not be allowed to deny that Fullerton Tokers Town exists as a criminal street gang, after Defendant has received benefits from holding itself out to the public as a denotable entity.

- 4. Defendant Fullerton Tokers Town is also an unincorporated association consisting of two or more individuals, joined by mutual consent for allegedly common lawful purposes, including social, recreational, and other purposes. Notwithstanding any common lawful purposes, Defendant Fullerton Tokers Town is committing crimes and creating a public nuisance.
- 5. Defendant Fullerton Tokers Town acts by and through its members, both individually and collectively.
- Defendant is comprised of members including, but not limited to, Alvaro 6. Arevalo (8/15/91, aka "Felon" or "Strappy"), Erik Bahena (4/27/92, aka "Trooper"), Jose Calderon (8/2/92, aka "Clowner" or "Bigs"), Dominic Coolidge (9/13/86, aka "Spanky"), Salvador Delatorre (11/23/86, aka "Raptor"), Jose Estrada (12/3/91, aka "Enemy"), Edgar Facio (6/22/93, aka "Pescado"), Louis Galindo (11/21/85), Gustavo Guzman (8/7/89, aka "Wolfie"), Bernabe Hernandez (8/23/92, aka "Lil Reaper"), Jonathan Hernandez (1/30/92, aka "Roach"), Anthony Holmes (7/30/93, "Lil Spanky"), Daniel Lorenzo (5/2/93, aka "Lil Sad Boy"), Francisco Lucas (2/26/94, aka "Choco"), Frederico Magaña (6/14/94, aka "Lil Woozy" or "Cheeks"), Jose Martin Martinez (8/5/92, aka "Imp" or "Viper"), Rudy Martinez, Jr. (9/22/91, aka "Lil Sparky"), Oscar Mejia (6/11/92, aka "Chico"), Ignacio Raya (11/25/88, aka "Nacho" or "Slick"), Antonio Rodriguez (11/2/84, aka "Homer"), Conrad Serrano (4/2/74, aka "Fox"), Zachary Snellgrove (10/5/92, aka "Miclo"), Daniel Soliz (4/18/87, aka "Pato"), George Talavera (2/12/92, aka "Lil Droopy" or "Lil G"), David Trujillo (8/7/92, aka "Lil Spooky"), Erik Trujillo (12/24/93, aka "Tiny") and Joseph Trujillo (11/17/95, aka "Lumzy").

Each of these "Designated Fullerton Tokers Town Criminal Street Gang Members" is responsible in some manner for the public nuisance described in this complaint.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

PUBLIC NUISANCE

- 7. Plaintiff repeats, re-alleges and incorporates herein by this reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 1 through 5, herein, inclusive.
- 8. By this action, Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief within a certain Safety Zone. The Safety Zone is generally defined as the area of the City of Fullerton bordered on the north by Chapman Avenue, the east by Placentia Avenue, the south by the 91 Freeway (SR 91), and the west by the city's western border with the City of Buena Park, and including Buena Park High School within the City of Buena Park. The description is based on a clockwise path of the border, beginning from the furthest northeast point of the proposed Safety Zone, and returning to the same point. Unless specifically excluded, the boundary description includes any sidewalks and driveways adjacent to the curb line described.

More specifically the Safety Zone is defined as:

- A. Beginning at the northeast corner of the intersection of Chapman Avenue and Placentia Avenue, the north curb line, and including its adjacent sidewalk, of the intersection of Chapman Avenue; (Starting Point)
- B. continuing south on Placentia Avenue, following the east curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk of Placentia Avenue;
- C. continuing south to the southeast corner of the intersection of Placentia Avenue and Orangethorpe Avenue;
- D. continuing along the south crosswalk limit line crossing Placentia Avenue, and continuing on along the south curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, along Orangethorpe Avenue, westbound from the intersection of Placentia Avenue and Orangethorpe Avenue;
- E. continuing westbound along the south curb line, and including its adjacent sidewalk, of Orangethorpe Avenue to Lemon Street;

- F. continuing southbound along the eastern curb line of Lemon Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the 91 Freeway (SR 91);
- G. continuing to the centerline of the 91 Freeway, and turning westbound to again follow the centerline of the freeway, and then turning north to meet the exit and transition road of Magnolia Avenue;
- H. continuing along the south curb line of the transition road, and extending across Magnolia Avenue northwest to the west curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, of Magnolia Avenue;
- I. continuing northbound along the west curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, of Magnolia Avenue to the south curb line of Academy drive,
- J. continuing west along the south curb line, including the adjacent sidewalk, of Academy Drive to its termination at the end of this dead end street;
- K. continuing due west to the western fence line of the north/south flood control channel owned and controlled by the Orange County Flood Control Authority;
- L. continuing north along the western fence line and extending due north across the intersection of the north/south flood control channel with the east/west flood control channel in this area, and then north along the western property line of this north/south flood control channel, until it intersects with Valencia Drive;
- M. continuing west bound along the south curb line of Valencia Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the southwest corner of the intersection of Valencia Drive and Meade Avenue;
- N. continuing north across Valencia Drive to the rear property lines of the businesses on the east side of Roland Street, beginning at 6460 Roland Street, and continuing due north to Commonwealth Avenue;
- O. continuing due north across Commonwealth Avenue to the south wall of Building C 4119 of the Fullerton Municipal Airport, located at 4119 Commonwealth Avenue, and continuing eastbound along the secured perimeter

of the Fullerton Municipal Airport, where access is restricted, this line is delineated by an eight foot high fence in most areas, and buildings with walls and locked doors in others, the Safety Zone includes all unrestricted public and parking areas of the airport within the boundary;

- P. continuing on to follow the secured property line around the Fullerton Municipal Airport, first east and then north, running parallel to Pritchard Street, until it reaches Artesia Boulevard;
- Q. continuing along the south curb line and prolongation of the curb line of Artesia Boulevard to the eastern curb line of Gilbert Street;
- R. continuing south along the east curb line of Gilbert Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to Commonwealth Avenue;
- S. continuing east bound along the north curb line and including adjacent sidewalk of Commonwealth Avenue;
- T. continuing north along the rear property lines of the businesses on the west side of the 100 to 300 blocks of North Euclid Street, beginning at the northwest corner of Commonwealth Avenue and Euclid Street, to the end of the property currently occupied by Stater Brothers' Market, at the southwest corner of the intersection of North Euclid Street and West Chapman Avenue;
- U. continuing north along the west curb line of North Euclid Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, and extending across the street to the north curb line of Malvern Avenue;
- V. continuing east along the north curb line, and including adjacent sidewalk, to the intersection with Woods Avenue, where Malvern Avenue becomes Chapman Avenue, continuing along the north curb line of now Chapman Avenue, the boundary of the safety zone extends north to include the flood control channel that runs parallel to Chapman Avenue from Woods Avenue to Malden Avenue, and then continuing along the north curb line, including only the adjacent sidewalk to Harbor Boulevard;

W. continuing north along the west curb line of Harbor Boulevard, including	th
adjacent sidewalk to the southwest corner of the intersection with B	re
Boulevard, and across Harbor Boulevard to the south curb of Brea Boulevard	ł;

- X. continuing northeast along the south curb line of Brea Boulevard, to the intersection with Lemon Street;
- Y. continuing across Lemon Street to the eastern curb line, and continuing south to the intersection with Berkley Avenue;
- Z. continuing along the north curb line of Berkley Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, as that street curves in a northeast direction, and then turns south, the north curb becomes the east curb as the street curves south at Hornet Way, and the Safety Zone border follows this line until it reaches Chapman Avenue;
- AA. continuing east along the north curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, until it reaches Raymond Avenue, from Raymond Avenue to Acacia Avenue, the border would extend northward to the northern edge of the alley which runs parallel to Chapman Avenue on its north side, and is the rear property line for the adjacent properties that front along Central Avenue;
- BB. continuing across Acacia Avenue to the east curb line, then turning south, returning to the north curb of Chapman Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk;
 - CC. continuing along the north curb of Chapman Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the northeast corner curb line of the intersection with Placentia Avenue. (Back to Starting Point)

The estimated total area of the impacted Safety Zone is approximately 7.45 square miles. This territory comprises the identified Safety Zone for the purpose of this Injunction. (Exhibits A and B)

9. The Defendant has acted in a manner that constitutes a public nuisance *per* se pursuant to Penal Code § 186.22a. The Defendant has also created a public nuisance

as defined by Civil Code §§ 3479 and 3480, and Penal Code § 186.22a. Defendant also possesses, sells, and uses illegal narcotics in the Safety Zone. Defendant's members have been arrested for possession, use, possession for sale, and for being under the influence of controlled substances and marijuana in the Safety Zone. These activities are not only illegal and dangerous, but are also indecent and offensive to the senses. Indeed, the illegal sale of controlled substances is deemed a nuisance pursuant to Civil Code § 3479. Defendant's nuisance activities continue unabated despite vigorous enforcement efforts.

- 10. For the last several years, continuing to the present time, Defendant has occupied the Safety Zone, and has caused and continues to cause a public nuisance with its actions. Defendant, by virtue of its criminal and nuisance activities, threatens the freedom, health, safety, senses and right to free use and enjoyment of property of the people who live, work, recreate, visit and pass through the Safety Zone. The Defendant's behavior is injurious to health, indecent and offensive and obstructs the free use of property, interfering with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property by the community, constituting a public nuisance pursuant to Civil Code §§ 3479 and 3480.
- 11. The Defendant is a violent, criminal, traditional turf-oriented Hispanic street gang. The gang has been active in the City of Fullerton since the 1940's. Over the past 70 years, there have been in excess of 400 documented Fullerton Tokers Town participants identified. Today, there are approximately 125-150 active members on the street or in-custody that maintain and continue to enforce the interests of Fullerton Tokers Town through an ongoing pattern of criminal gang activity. Its membership continues to grow as new young prospects are recruited. The new prospects include: new neighborhood residents, school associates or friends and relatives of an existing gang member or members. Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang members expect young recruits to prove themselves by committing violent crimes, and it becomes nearly impossible for a gang member to leave the gang.
- 12. Fullerton Tokers Town stakes out and claims different parts of the Safety Zone as their "turf" by, among other things, shooting at other street gang members,

Safety Zone.

confront unknown Hispanic males who come into the neighborhood. Fullerton Tokers Town based on its claim that some portion of the Safety Zone is its "turf," collects "rent" or "taxes" in the Safety Zone from many activities, including from street vendors, constituting the crime of extortion.

13. Defendant repeatedly engages in violent and aggressive behavior which is injurious to the health and mental well-being of the residents of the Safety Zone. Defendant's members arm themselves with guns and other dangerous weapons and engage in violent, aggressive and destructive behavior. Fullerton Tokers Town's wars against rival gangs and the foreseeable retaliation by rival gangs against Defendant create a dangerous environment for those who live, work, recreate, visit and pass through the Safety Zone. Loaded firearms and other dangerous weapons have been found in the

14. Defendant has brought and continuously brings violence into the Safety Zone. Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang has rivals in the City of Anaheim, City of Buena Park, City of La Habra, and City of Placentia. These rivalries result in violent

and shattered their sense of peace and security. The possession of weapons, along with

the violent behavior of Fullerton Tokers Town gang members, creates the potential for

innocent citizens and law enforcement to be caught in the crossfire of violence.

The violent acts of these gang members have endangered residents' lives

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confrontations in the Safety Zone that put innocent citizens at risk of death or great bodily injury.

- Defendant terrorizes and intimidates the community in the Safety Zone by 15. gathering in groups, flaunting gang tattoos, and invoking the gang name to strike fear into the heart of the community. This fear allows Defendant to commit its crimes unchecked. After committing its crimes, Defendant again invokes its gang name as a shield behind which to hide and avoid accountability for their actions. If Defendant believes that a victim or witness has reported a crime, the gang again invokes the name and retaliates against the person, home, car, business and other property of the witness or victim. Defendant's members often threaten victims of and witnesses to their crimes, thus avoiding prosecution for their criminal conduct and ensuring that the nuisance will continue unabated. Because of these actions, good people in the Safety Zone rightly believe they are at risk if they report crime. Law enforcement is not able to function as it should when victims and witnesses are too afraid of retaliation from Defendant to speak to the police and prosecutors. Fullerton Tokers Town's intimidation causes a nuisance by depriving the community of their comfortable enjoyment of life and property, and creates an atmosphere injurious to the community's health, and indecent and offensive to the senses.
- or more, selling and using drugs, drinking, urinating, littering, threatening, assaulting, and robbing residents and passersby in streets and sidewalks, open to public view and in front of children, at apartment complexes and on private property which they have forcefully usurped from lawful residents. Defendant's members hang out on the sidewalks, the streets, and residents' yards in the Safety Zone, thereby obstructing the free use of property by the visitors to and residents of the Safety Zone. Some law abiding people believe they should stay indoors at night to avoid being harassed by gang members and to avoid becoming a victim of, or a witness to, Defendant's criminal and nuisance activities. Some feel the need to travel out of their way as they conduct their daily business in order

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to avoid confrontations with the Defendant. The association together of Defendant's members and subsequent victimization of the residents by Defendant is injurious to the health, offensive to the senses, and interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property in the Safety Zone.

- Defendant seeks to proclaim its ownership of the Safety Zone, to bolster the 17. notoriety of Fullerton Tokers Town, and to physically degrade the Safety Zone by the repeated application of gang graffiti on the interior and exterior walls of buildings, trees, fences and other property in the Safety Zone. The writings and etchings are meant to dissuade residents from complaining to the police department and to show the criminal street gang's power. Graffiti constantly appears on the walls of homes and buildings creating a nuisance in the area. Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang commits its graffiti vandalism by using spray paint cans and felt tip markers, as well as other The property rights of the owners and their tenants are techniques and devices. substantially impaired and interfered with because they are forced to repeatedly expend time, labor and money in a vain attempt to eradicate Defendant's gang graffiti. Moreover, it is injurious to the health of the residents, and their comfortable enjoyment of life and property are harmed, when Fullerton Tokers Town gang graffiti attracts foreseeable and violent retaliation from rival street gangs.
- 18. Defendant uses the sidewalks, private walkways and residents' yards to congregate, drink alcohol, use drugs and harass pedestrians. As Defendant continues to drink and use drugs, Defendant becomes disorderly and dangerous. Fortified by alcohol and drugs and the support of their fellow gang members, Defendant targets and harasses innocent members of the community in the Safety Zone. This behavior constitutes a nuisance in that it is indecent and offensive to the senses, and interferes with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property in the Safety Zone.
- 19. Defendant believes and acts as if it owns the Safety Zone, treating the homes and yards of the residents and the non-public areas of local businesses as if they were the personal property of Fullerton Tokers Town. Residents have their yards used,

and local businesses have their non-public areas used as escape routes when gang members flee from pursuing law enforcement officers. When being sought by law enforcement, Defendant's members burst into residents' homes to demand shelter. Residents and local businesses have their private possessory rights in their property substantially impaired and interfered with by Defendant. Defendant's behavior obstructs the free use of property by the owners and their tenants in the Safety Zone. The association of the Defendant and its subsequent victimization of the residents are injurious to the health, offensive to the senses and interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life and property in the Safety Zone.

- 20. Defendant commits much of their criminal, nuisance and gang activity under the cover of darkness. Nuisance activity including illegal drug use, drug sales, loitering, disturbing the peace, robberies, assaults, and shootings are more likely to occur in the late evening and early morning hours.
- 21. As a result of Defendant's behavior, residents in the Safety Zone have suffered great emotional distress in the form of fear, intimidation, anxiety and invasion of privacy. Unless and until the activity is restrained, it will continue to cause great irreparable injury to the residents' safety, peace, and tranquility within the Safety Zone.
- 22. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendant will continue to maintain the nuisance by participating in and encouraging the above-described activities. Unless restrained by this court, Defendant will continue to confront and intimidate the citizens of the Safety Zone. Unless restrained by this Court, Defendant will continue to dissuade victims and witnesses from reporting crimes and nuisance behavior to the police and from testifying after reports are made, in an effort to evade responsibility for their criminal conduct. The public interest in tranquility and security, and basic public order, is threatened by Defendant's oppressive and widespread criminal and nuisance behavior. Injunctive relief is necessary to eliminate the abuse of innocent victims who reside in the Safety Zone.

- 23. Plaintiff has no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law and will continue to suffer irreparable damage, injury and harm unless equitable relief is granted. Criminal prosecution has not stopped Defendant's criminal and nuisance activities. Defendant threatens the victims and witnesses of their crimes, serving to reinforce Fullerton Tokers Town's menacing reputation, avoid prosecution for its criminal conduct, and ensure that the nuisance will continue unabated.
- 24. The activities and conduct of Defendant, as alleged in this Complaint, constitute an interference with the rights of the community at large in the Safety Zone, and, as a result, constitute a public nuisance. The level and frequency of violent criminal gang-related activities, as well as nuisance activities, cause an immediate, permanent and perpetual risk of severe bodily injury and/or death to residents in and around the Safety Zone, officers of the Fullerton Police Department, as well as other law enforcement agencies and the people of the surrounding communities.
- 25. Code of Civil Procedure § 731 authorizes District Attorneys to enjoin public nuisances in the name of the People of the State of California. In addition, under these facts, injunctive relief is appropriate under Code of Civil Procedure § 526.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendant as follows:

- 1. For a judicial determination that Fullerton Tokers Town is a criminal street gang within the meaning of Penal Code section 186.22, subdivision (f) and *People v. Englebrecht*, *supra*, 88 Cal.App.4th 1236, 1258;
- 2. For a judicial determination that Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang is an unincorporated association within the meaning of Code of Civil Procedure section 369.5 and Corporations Code section 18035;
- 3. For a judicial determination that a public nuisance within the meaning of Civil Code sections 3479 and 3480 exists in the Safety Zone located in the City of Fullerton as defined as:

The Safety Zone is generally defined as the area of the City of Fullerton bordered on the north by Chapman Avenue, the east by Placentia Avenue, the south by the 91 Freeway (SR 91), and the west by the city's western border with the City of Buena Park, and including Buena Park High School within the City of Buena Park. The description is based on a clockwise path of the border, beginning from the furthest northeast point of the proposed Safety Zone, and returning to the same point. Unless specifically excluded, the boundary description includes any sidewalks and driveways adjacent to the curb line described.

More specifically the Safety Zone is defined as:

- A. Beginning at the northeast corner of the intersection of Chapman Avenue and Placentia Avenue, the north curb line, and including its adjacent sidewalk, of the intersection of Chapman Avenue; (Starting Point)
- B. continuing south on Placentia Avenue, following the east curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk of Placentia Avenue;
- C. continuing south to the southeast corner of the intersection of Placentia Avenue and Orangethorpe Avenue;
- D. continuing along the south crosswalk limit line crossing Placentia Avenue, and continuing on along the south curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, along Orangethorpe Avenue, westbound from the intersection of Placentia Avenue and Orangethorpe Avenue;
- E. continuing westbound along the south curb line, and including its adjacent sidewalk, of Orangethorpe Avenue to Lemon Street;
- F. continuing southbound along the eastern curb line of Lemon Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the 91 Freeway (SR 91);
- G. continuing to the centerline of the 91 Freeway, and turning westbound to again follow the centerline of the freeway, and then turning north to meet the exit and transition road of Magnolia Avenue;

- H. continuing along the south curb line of the transition road, and extending across Magnolia Avenue northwest to the west curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, of Magnolia Avenue;
- I. continuing northbound along the west curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, of Magnolia Avenue to the south curb line of Academy drive,
- J. continuing west along the south curb line, including the adjacent sidewalk, of Academy Drive to its termination at the end of this dead end street;
- K. continuing due west to the western fence line of the north/south flood control channel owned and controlled by the Orange County Flood Control Authority;
- L. continuing north along the western fence line and extending due north across the intersection of the north/south flood control channel with the east/west flood control channel in this area, and then north along the western property line of this north/south flood control channel, until it intersects with Valencia Drive;
- M. continuing west bound along the south curb line of Valencia Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the southwest corner of the intersection of Valencia Drive and Meade Avenue;
- N. continuing north across Valencia Drive to the rear property lines of the businesses on the east side of Roland Street, beginning at 6460 Roland Street, and continuing due north to Commonwealth Avenue;
- O. continuing due north across Commonwealth Avenue to the south wall of Building C 4119 of the Fullerton Municipal Airport, located at 4119 Commonwealth Avenue, and continuing eastbound along the secured perimeter of the Fullerton Municipal Airport, where access is restricted, this line is delineated by an eight foot high fence in most areas, and buildings with walls and locked doors in others, the Safety Zone includes all unrestricted public and parking areas of the airport within the boundary;

- P. continuing on to follow the secured property line around the Fullerton Municipal Airport, first east and then north, running parallel to Pritchard Street, until it reaches Artesia Boulevard;
- Q. continuing along the south curb line and prolongation of the curb line of Artesia Boulevard to the eastern curb line of Gilbert Street;
- R. continuing south along the east curb line of Gilbert Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to Commonwealth Avenue;
- S. continuing east bound along the north curb line and including adjacent sidewalk of Commonwealth Avenue;
- T. continuing north along the rear property lines of the businesses on the west side of the 100 to 300 blocks of North Euclid Street, beginning at the northwest corner of Commonwealth Avenue and Euclid Street, to the end of the property currently occupied by Stater Brothers' Market, at the southwest corner of the intersection of North Euclid Street and West Chapman Avenue;
- U. continuing north along the west curb line of North Euclid Street, and including the adjacent sidewalk, and extending across the street to the north curb line of Malvern Avenue;
- V. continuing east along the north curb line, and including adjacent sidewalk, to the intersection with Woods Avenue, where Malvern Avenue becomes Chapman Avenue, continuing along the north curb line of now Chapman Avenue, the boundary of the safety zone extends north to include the flood control channel that runs parallel to Chapman Avenue from Woods Avenue to Malden Avenue, and then continuing along the north curb line, including only the adjacent sidewalk to Harbor Boulevard;
- W. continuing north along the west curb line of Harbor Boulevard, including the adjacent sidewalk to the southwest corner of the intersection with Brea Boulevard, and across Harbor Boulevard to the south curb of Brea Boulevard;

- X. continuing northeast along the south curb line of Brea Boulevard, to the intersection with Lemon Street;
- Y. continuing across Lemon Street to the eastern curb line, and continuing south to the intersection with Berkley Avenue;
- Z. continuing along the north curb line of Berkley Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, as that street curves in a northeast direction, and then turns south, the north curb becomes the east curb as the street curves south at Hornet Way, and the Safety Zone border follows this line until it reaches Chapman Avenue;
- AA. continuing east along the north curb line, and including the adjacent sidewalk, until it reaches Raymond Avenue, from Raymond Avenue to Acacia Avenue, the border would extend northward to the northern edge of the alley which runs parallel to Chapman Avenue on its north side, and is the rear property line for the adjacent properties that front along Central Avenue;
- BB. continuing across Acacia Avenue to the east curb line, then turning south, returning to the north curb of Chapman Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk;
- CC. continuing along the north curb of Chapman Avenue, and including the adjacent sidewalk, to the northeast corner curb line of the intersection with Placentia Avenue. (Back to Starting Point)
- 4. For a judicial determination that Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang, it's members, including, but not limited to, the individuals listed as "Designated Fullerton Tokers Town Members," participants, agents, associates, servants, employees, aiders, and abettors whose membership, participation, agency, association, service, employment, aid, or abetment is more than nominal, passive, inactive, or purely technical, and all persons acting under, in concert with, for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang in a manner that is more than

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nominal, passive, inactive, or purely technical, are responsible for creating and maintaining the public nuisance in the Safety Zone.

- 5. For preliminary and permanent injunctive relief enjoining and restraining Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang (an unincorporated association), and its members, participants, agents, associates, servants, employees, aiders, and abettors whose membership, participation, agency, association, service, employment, aid, or abetment is more than nominal, passive, inactive, or purely technical, and all persons acting under, in concert with, for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang in a manner that is more than nominal, passive, inactive, or purely technical, from engaging in or performing directly or indirectly, any of the following activities in the Safety Zone:
- a. Do Not Associate: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not stand, sit, walk, drive, bicycle, gather or appear with (1) anyone you know to be a member, participant, agent, associate, servant, employee, aider, or abettor of the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang, or (2) anyone you know to be to be acting under, in concert with, for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang. This prohibition shall not apply in either of the following situations: (1) when an enjoined person is lawfully inside the premises of a licensed school attending class or conducting school business during regular school hours, or (2) when an enjoined person is inside the premises of a church or religious institution for the purpose of worship. However, this prohibition shall apply to all methods of travel to and from any of the aforementioned permissible locations. (People ex rel. Gallo v. Acuna, supra, 14 Cal.4th at 1110, 1117-1118, 1121-1122 [discussion of provision (a)], 1123-1125; In re Englebrecht, supra, 67 Cal.App.4th at 488-489, 490 fn. 3 [quoting par (a)]; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 and 1261. People ex. rel. Totten v. Colonia Chiques (2007) 156 Cal.App.4th 1, 35-37.)

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b. Do Not Intimidate: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) confront, intimidate, annoy, harass, threaten, challenge, provoke, assault, or batter anyone in the Safety Zone, or (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is confronting, intimidating, annoying, harassing, threatening, challenging, provoking, assaulting, or battering anyone in the Safety Zone. (Penal Code §§ 31, 136.1, 240, 242, 415, and 422; *People ex rel. Gallo v. Acuna, supra*, 14 Cal.4th at 1118-1122; *In re Englebrecht, supra*, 67 Cal.App.4th at 490 fn. 3, 493, [par (k)].)

c. Stay Away From Drugs and Drug Paraphernalia: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) unlawfully use, possess, transport, furnish, manufacture, deliver, dispense, distribute, or sell any drug, including cocaine, base "rock" cocaine, heroin, marijuana, methamphetamine, opium, PCP, or other controlled substance (2) unlawfully use, possess, transport, furnish, manufacture, deliver, dispense, distribute, or sell any drug paraphernalia, such as a pipe, hypodermic needle, syringe, or other device, contrivance, or instrument used for unlawfully ingesting, injecting, inhaling or smoking any drug or controlled substance, (3) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is unlawfully using, possessing, transporting, furnishing, manufacturing, delivering, dispensing, distributing, or selling any drug, including cocaine, base "rock" cocaine, heroin, marijuana, methamphetamine, opium, PCP, or other controlled substance, or drug paraphernalia, such as a pipe, hypodermic needle, syringe, or device, contrivance, or instrument used for unlawfully ingesting, injecting, inhaling, or smoking any drug or controlled substance (4) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know to be unlawfully under the influence of any drug or controlled substance, (5) knowingly remain in the presence of any illegal drug, including cocaine, base "rock" cocaine, heroin, marijuana, methamphetamine, opium, PCP, or other controlled substance, or drug paraphernalia, such as a pipe, hypodermic needle, syringe, or other device, contrivance, or instrument used for unlawfully ingesting, injecting, inhaling, or smoking any drug or controlled substance, or (6) unlawfully be

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under the influence of any drug. (Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 4060, 4140-4141; Health & Saf. Code §§ 11014, 11014.5, 11018-11021, 11053-11058, 11364, and 11550; Pen. Code § 31; *People v. Englebrecht, supra,* 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243, fn. 2, [par (l)].)

- d. Stay Away From Guns, Explosive Devices and Weapons: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) use, possess, transport, furnish, manufacture, deliver, dispense, distribute, dispose, discard, or sell any firearm, gun, replica firearm, ammunition, BB gun, pellet gun, explosive device, destructive device, or weapon such as knives, dirks, daggers, clubs, metal knuckles, hard plastic knuckles, nunchakus, chains, slingshots, or any weapon listed in Penal Code § 12020, (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is using, possessing, transporting, furnishing, manufacturing, delivering, dispensing, distributing, disposing, discarding, or selling any firearm, gun, replica firearm, ammunition, BB gun, pellet gun, explosive device, destructive device, or weapon such as knives, dirks, daggers, clubs, metal knuckles, hard plastic knuckles, nunchakus, chains, slingshots, or any weapon listed in Penal Code § 12020, or (3) knowingly remain in the presence of any firearm, gun, replica firearm, ammunition, BB gun, pellet gun, explosive device, destructive device, or weapon such as knives, dirks, daggers, clubs, metal knuckles, hard plastic knuckles, nunchakus, chains, slingshots, or any weapon listed in Penal Code § 12020. (Health & Saf. Code §§ 12000, 12120, 12303, and 12305; Pen. Code §§ 31, 12001, 12020, 12020.1, 12301, 12550; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243, fn. 2, [par (c), (j)].)
- e. Do Not Fight: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) unlawfully fight or challenge another person to fight, (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is unlawfully fighting or challenging another person to fight, (3) maliciously and willfully disturb another person by loud or unreasonable noise, (4) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is maliciously and willfully disturbing another person by loud or unreasonable noise, (5) use offensive words which are inherently likely to provoke an immediate violent reaction, or (6) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is using offensive words which

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are inherently likely to provoke an immediate violent reaction. (Pen. Code §§ 31 and 415; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243, fn. 2, [par (d)].)

f. Do Not Trespass: Do not (1) be present on, remain on or pass through any property not open to the public unless you have the voluntary consent of the owner, owner's agent, or the person in lawful possession of the property, (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is present on, remaining on, or passing through any property not open to the public without the voluntary consent of the owner, owner's agent or the person in lawful possession of the property; (3) enter posted school grounds during school hours without first obtaining permission from the administrative office of the school or school district unless, as to the specific school grounds you are entering, you are a currently enrolled student, teacher, staff member, employee, service provider, vendor, counselor, approved volunteer, parent of a currently enrolled student at the school, or are an attendee at a school event at the school grounds you are entering that is open to the public while that event is open and you are only in the area(s) open for that event, or when you are attending a function of authorized groups pursuant to Education Code § 40040 et. seq., (4) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is entering school grounds during school hours without having first obtained permission from the administrative office of the school or school district unless you know, as to the specific school grounds he or she is entering, that person is a currently enrolled student, teacher, staff member, employee, service provider, vendor, counselor, approved volunteer, parent of a currently enrolled student, or is an attendee at a school event at the school grounds he or she is entering that is open to the public while that event is open and that person is only in the area(s) open for that event, or when he or she is attending a function of authorized groups pursuant to Education Code § 40040 et. seq. (Pen. Code §§ 626.6, 626.7, 626.8, 627, 627.1, 627.2, 627.3, 627.4, 627.8; Fullerton Municipal Code §7.105.010; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243, fn. 2, [par (g)].)

Do Not Block Free Passage: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) willfully and maliciously block the

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free passage of any person or vehicle on any street, walkway, sidewalk, driveway, alleyway, parking lot, or other area of public passage, or (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is willfully and maliciously blocking the free passage of any person or vehicle on any street, walkway, sidewalk, driveway, alleyway, parking lot, or other area of public passage. (Pen. Code §§ 31 and 647c; Fullerton Municipal Code §7.36.010; *In re Englebrecht*, supra, 67 Cal.App.4th at 490 fn. 3, 493 [par (h)].)

Do Not Engage In Graffiti and/or Vandalism And Stay Away From Graffiti/Vandalism Tools: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) maliciously paint, write, mark, inscribe, etch, scratch, draw, label, paste, apply, affix, or otherwise deface any real or personal property not your own with any type of graffiti or other inscribed material, including any unauthorized inscription, word, figure, mark, or design, (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is maliciously painting, writing, marking, inscribing, etching, scratching, drawing, labeling, pasting, applying, affixing, or otherwise defacing any real or personal property not belonging to him her or you with any type of graffiti or other inscribed material, including any unauthorized inscription, word, figure, mark, or design, (3) maliciously damage or destroy real or personal property not your own, (4) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is maliciously damaging or destroying real or personal property not belonging to him, her or you, (5) unlawfully possess a spray paint can, paint stick, paint pen, marker pen, felt tip marker as defined in Penal Code section 594.2, knife, screwdriver, razor blade, nail, etching tool, adhesive sticker, drill bit, grinding stone, marking substance as defined in Penal Code § 594.2, or other object capable of marking, scarring, destroying, damaging or defacing property, or (6) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is unlawfully possessing a spray paint can, paint stick, paint pen, marker pen, felt tip marker as defined in Penal Code § 594.2, knife, screwdriver, razor blade, nail, etching tool, adhesive sticker, drill bit, grinding stone, marking substance as defined in Penal Code section 594.2, or other object capable of marking, scarring, destroying, damaging or defacing property. (Pen. Code §§ 31, 594,

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and 594.2; Fullerton Municipal Code §§ 7.31.010 – 7.31.070; *People v. Englebrecht*, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243, fn. 2, [par (e), (f)].)

- i. Do Not Use Fullerton Tokers Town Criminal Street Gang Hand Signs or Symbols: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) use, display, or communicate by means of any words, phrases, physical gestures, hand signs, or symbols that you know describe, represent, or refer to the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang, or (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is using, displaying, or communicating by means of any words, phrases, physical gestures, hand signs or symbols that you know describe, represent, or refer to the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang. (*People v. Englebrecht, supra,* 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 fn. 2, 1266-1267 [par (s)].)
- j. Do Not Wear Fullerton Tokers Town Criminal Street Gang Clothing: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) wear, display, exhibit, or possess any clothes or accessories that you know advertise, advance, promote, represent, or refer to the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang, including clothes or accessories that display, exhibit, or feature, in any variation or combination, the image, name, words, letters, or numbers "Fullerton Tokers Town," "Fullerton," "Fulas," "Fula Funk," "Truslow Street," "Brown Pride," "Eastside," "1503," "714," "F," "T," "E," "S," "P," "SUR," "OC," "Orange County," "Toqueros," "Prowlers," "Southside," "Sickos," "Pritchard," "X3," "XIII," "13," "31," "6," "20," clothes or accessories of the California State University at Fullerton, clothes or accessories of Fullerton College, clothes or accessories of the Etnies clothing company, clothes or accessories from the Famous Stars and Straps clothing company, clothes or accessories of the National Football League Teams the Dallas Cowboys, Tennessee Titans, and Atlanta Falcons, clothes or accessories of the Major League Baseball teams the Texas Rangers, Toronto Blue Jays, and Florida Marlins, or clothes or accessories that memorialize the death or imprisonment of current or former Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang participants, (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone that you know is wearing,

displaying, exhibiting, or possessing any clothes or accessories that you know advertise, advance, promote, represent, or refer to the Fullerton Tokers Town criminal street gang. (People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 fn. 2, 1266-1267 [par (t)].)

k. Stay Away From Burglary Tools: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not (1) unlawfully use, possess, transport, furnish, manufacture, deliver, dispense, distribute, or sell any screwdriver, ceramic or porcelain spark plug chip, shaved key, picklock, wire cutter, dent puller, slingshot, steel shot, spark plug, slim jim, bump key, or any instrument or tool listed in Penal Code § 466, or (2) remain in the presence of or assist anyone you know is unlawfully using, possessing, transporting, furnishing, manufacturing, delivering, dispensing, distributing, or selling any screwdriver, ceramic or porcelain spark plug chip, shaved key, picklock, wire cutter, dent puller, slingshot, steel shot, spark plug, slim jim, bump key, or any instrument or tool listed in Penal Code § 466. (Pen. Code § 466; *In re Englebrecht, supra*, 67 Cal.App.4th at 490 fn. 3, [par (o)]; *People v. Englebrecht, supra*, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 fn. 2 [par (n)].)

1. Obey Curfew if You Are a Minor: If you are under eighteen (18) years of age, anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not remain, linger, or stay in or upon, or fail to leave any public place, vacant lot, or business establishment between the hours of 10:00 p.m. on any day and 6:00 a.m. of the following day, unless: (1) you are accompanied by your parent(s) or legal guardian, (2) you are on an errand without any detour or stop at the direction of your parent(s), legal guardian or responsible adult, (3) you are on a public or private sidewalk bordering, touching and directly in front of your own residence or bordering, touching and directly in front of the residence of your nearest next door neighbor, (4) you are acting within the course and scope of your lawful employment or business or when you are going to or from such place of lawful employment or business by a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, or when you are going to or from a bona fide interview for lawful employment by a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (5) you

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are going to or from, are attending, or are engaged in, an official school, official religious, or other expressive activity within the scope of your rights under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States which activity is supervised or overseen by an adult person on behalf of any public entity, civic organization, non-profit organization, educational organization, governmental organization, or similar organization, where you are going to or from such activity in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (6) you are going to or from a place of lawful entertainment, recreation, culture, or charity that is open to the public, such as a restaurant, theater, museum, church, sports arena, homeless shelter, food bank, library, public park during operating hours, gymnasium, bookstore, coffee shop, or hospital, for an activity which is supervised or overseen by an adult person on behalf of any public entity, civic organization, non-profit organization, governmental organization, educational organization, organization, where you are going to or from such activity in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (7) you are a registered volunteer at any shelter, hospital, school or other charitable institution and you are going to or from your volunteer work in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (8) you are responding to an emergency situation, such as a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident, or any situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious bodily injury or loss of life, or (9) you are in a vehicle engaged in interstate travel. (Fullerton Municipal Code §§ 7.20.010 - 7.20.030; In re Englebrecht, supra, 67 Cal.App.3rd at 490 fn. 3, [par (x)]; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 fn. 2, [par (v)]; In re Nancy C. (1972) 28 Cal.3rd 747; Alves v. Superior Court (1957) 148 Cal.App.2d. 419.)

older, anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not remain, linger or stay in or upon, or fail to leave any public place, vacant lot, or business establishment between the hours of 10:00 p.m. on any day and 6:00 a.m. of the following day, unless: (1) you are on a public or private sidewalk bordering, touching and directly in front of your own residence or bordering, touching, and directly in front of the

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residence of your nearest next door neighbor, (2) you are acting within the course and scope of your lawful employment or business, or when you are going to or from such place of lawful employment or business by a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home or when you are going to or from your home for a bona fide interview for lawful employment by a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (3) you are going to or from, are attending, or are engaged in, an official school, official religious, or other expressive activity within the scope of your rights under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, where you are going to or from such activity in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (4) you are going to or from a place of lawful entertainment, recreation, culture, or charity that is open to the public, such as a restaurant, theater, museum, church, sports arena, homeless shelter, food bank, library, public park during operating hours, gymnasium, coffee shop, or hospital, where you are going to or from such place in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (5) you are a registered volunteer at any shelter, hospital, school or other charitable institution and you are going to or from your volunteer work in a reasonably direct route, without detour, from or to your home, (6) you are responding to an emergency situation, such as a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident, or any situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious bodily injury or loss of life, or (7) you are in a vehicle engaged in interstate travel. In re Englebrecht, supra, 67 Cal.App.3rd at 490 fn. 3, [par (x)]; People v. Englebrecht, supra, 88 Cal.App.4th at 1243 fn. 2, [par (v)]; In re Nancy C. (1972) 28 Cal.3rd 747; Alves v. Superior Court (1957) 148 Cal. App. 2d. 419.)

n. Stay Away From Alcohol: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, unless you are lawfully in a bar, restaurant, or other establishment licensed for the consumption of alcohol, do not (1) drink alcoholic beverages, (2) possess any can, bottle, or other receptacle containing any alcoholic beverage, which has been opened, or has had the seal broken, or the contents of which has been partially removed, (3) unlawfully be under the influence of alcohol, (4) knowingly

remain in the presence of anyone possessing any can, bottle, or other receptacle containing any alcoholic beverage, which has been opened, or has had the seal broken, or the contents of which has been partially removed, or (5) knowingly remain in the presence of any can, bottle, or other receptacle containing any alcoholic beverage, which has been opened, or has had the seal broken, or the contents of which has been partially removed. (Pen. Code § 647(f); Fullerton Municipal Code §7.17.010; Veh. Code §§ 21221.5, 23140, 23152(a); People ex. rel. Totten v. Colonia Chiques, supra, 156 Cal.App 4th p. 38-39.)

- o. Do Not Act as a Lookout: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, do not keep watch, yell, whistle, signal, gesture, motion, or use a device such as a horn, phone, cell phone, radio or other device, or otherwise act as a lookout to warn another person of the approach or presence of a law enforcement officer or security guard, or of the approach or presence of a person during an attempted or completed commission of a crime or an attempted or completed violation of any part of this order. (*People v. Engelbrecht, supra*, 88 Cal.App.4th 1236, 1243, fn. 2, [par (q)]; *In re Engelbrecht, supra*, 67 Cal.App.4th 486, 490, fn. 3, [par (r)].)
- p. Obey All Laws: Anywhere in any public place, any place accessible to the public, or in public view, obey all laws and court orders.
- q. Definitions: For purposes of this order, "public place" means any place open to common, or general use, participation or enjoyment by the public (In re Zorn (1963) 59 Cal.2d 650, 652); any place that the public has a right to go and to be (People v. Belanger (1966) 243 Cal.App.2d 654, 657); or any location that is open and accessible to all those who wish to go there rather than a place which the general public frequents (Pen. Code § 647, subds. (a) & (f), CALCRIM § 1161, People v. Perez (1976) 64 Cal.App.3d 297, 301). For purposes of this order, a "public place" includes, but is not limited to, churches, hospitals, transport facilities, libraries, theaters, parks, stores, shops, malls, bars, restaurants, parking lots, parking structures, streets, roads, driveways, highways, sidewalks, walkways, alleys, pools (including public pools, association pools, community pools, or apartment pools), common areas of schools, and common areas of apartment

buildings, including internal and external hallways. "Accessible to the public" means any place that is open to the public, or easily approached or entered by the public. "In public view" means any place where the public may see, behold, be present at a showing, examine, inspect, survey, study mentally, or consider.

- r. Limitation: Nothing in this order shall be construed to infringe upon the legitimate and lawful exercise of constitutionally protected rights of freedom of speech and expression under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
- s. Severability: If any specific portion of a provision in this Order is found to be invalid for any reason, such invalidity shall not affect any of the other portions of that provision or any other provision in this Order, and an invalid portion of a provision shall be specifically disregarded; however, the provision as a whole shall not be disregarded.
- t. Opt-Out Provision: Any person who has been served with this injunction may ask the Court for an order to exclude him or her from the terms of the injunction. This request is commonly called a motion. There may be a fee imposed by the court to file the motion. You may request the Court to waive the fee.
- (1) **Proper Notice**: The Orange County District Attorney's Office (OCDA) must receive notice of you motion. California law requires that you give adequate notice of the motion to the opposing party (OCDA).
- (2) **Motion**: The motion should include a written statement of any facts and law that you want the court to consider in deciding whether to exclude you from the terms of the injunction. The statement should be signed under the penalty of perjury.
- (3) Witnesses: You may call witnesses to testify at the hearing on the motion. All testifying witnesses will be subject to cross-examination by the opposing side (OCDA).
- (4) **Standard of Proof**: The burden of proof for relief under this Opt-Out provision will be determined by a "Preponderance of the evidence" standard. This means that for the Court to grant your motion and exclude you from the terms of the injunction, the Court must find that it is more likely than not, that you are not an active participant in the named criminal street gang (Fullerton Tokers Town).

- (5) No Effect on Other Cases: The OCDA is not bound by the criteria of this Opt-Out Provision in any other action, other than a motion brought by a person served with the injunction who exercises this Opt-Out Provision.
- (6) Order Not Admissible in Other Proceedings: This Opt-Out Provision and any orders arising from it are not admissible in any civil or criminal action and cannot be used for, or against you for any purpose whatsoever, other than in a civil or criminal contempt proceeding brought for a violation of this injunction, and;
- (7) Subsequent Behavior May Result in Re-Service: If you are excluded from this injunction through the Opt-Out Provision, and are later found to be actively participating in criminal street gang behavior, such as claiming membership in a gang, associating with known active participants of a gang other than immediate family, being arrested for any gang-related felony or misdemeanor crime or obtaining any gang related tattoo, then you may again be served with the injunction and you will be required to comply with all of its terms.

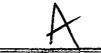
Respectfully submitted,

Tony Rakmika

DATED: 2/17/11

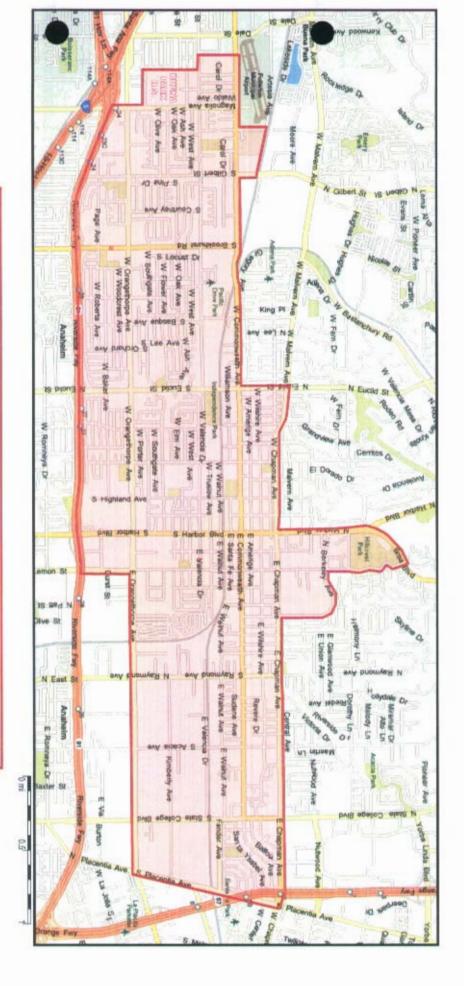
TONY RACKAUCKAS, DISTRICT ATTORNEY COUNTY OF ORANGE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

EXHIBIT



FULLERTON SAFETY ZONE





Gang Participant Involved Incidents

Attempted Murder

Murder

- Assault
- Guns/Dangerous Weapons Drugs or Paraphernalia
- Fighting
- Graffiti/Vandalism or Tools
- Associate
- Disturbing the Peace Intimidation
- Alcohol in Public

- Trespassing
- Blocking Free Passage
- Gang Hand Signs

Numbers represent the number of gang participants involved in the incident

- Loitering
- Curfew

Robbery

Burglary/Burglary Tool

Gang Clothes

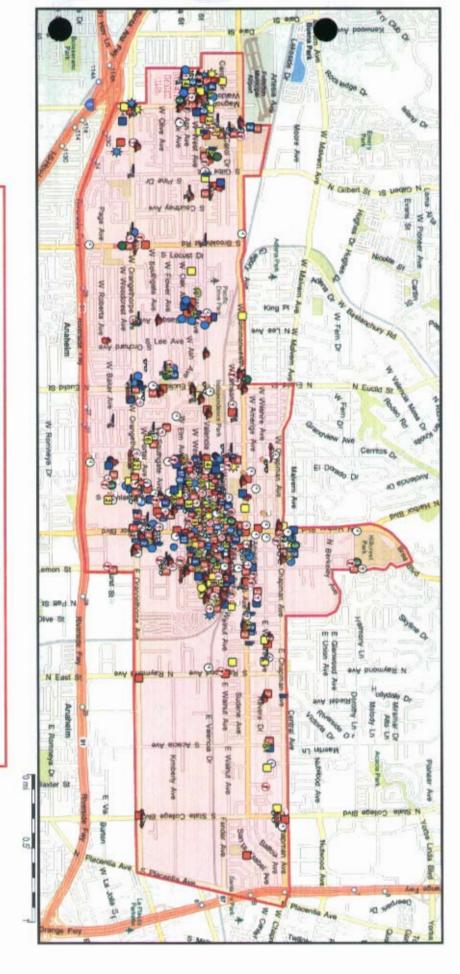
- Vehicle Theft

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FULLERTON SAFETY ZONE





Gang Participant Involved Incidents

- Murder
- Attempted Murder
- Drugs or Paraphernalia Assault
- Guns/Dangerous Weapons
- Graffiti/Vandalism or Tools
- Associate
- Disturbing the Peace
- Intimidation
- Alcohol in Public

- Gang Hand Signs Trespassing
 Blocking Free Passage
- Gang Clothes Burglary/Burglary Tool
- Robbery
- Loitering
- Curfew
- Vehicle Theft
- Numbers represent the number of gang participants involved in the incident