## SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ORANGE

JUSTICE CENTER: Central Justice Center Civil Operations - Appellate Division 700 Civic Center Dr. West Santa Ana, CA 92701



AUG 14 2009

ALAN CARLSON, Clerk of the Court APPELLANT: Franco

H. POTTER DEPUTY RESPONDENT: People

NOTICE OF FILING OF JUDGMENT/ORDER

Appellate Division

APPEAL CASE NUMBER: 30-2008-00093057 TRIAL COURT CASE NUMBER:

FL45261PE

To the above named parties and their attorneys of record:

You are notified that a Order in the above entitled matter was filed on: 8/14/09

A Copy of the Order is attached for reference.

## CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

Franco

Anthony Rackauckas O.C. District Attorney P.O. Box 808 Santa Ana, CA 92701 Jones & Mayer 3777 N. Harbor Blvd. Fullerton, CA 92835

Attn: Kimberly Hall Barlow, Krista MacNeviñ Jee

By Interoffice Delivery:

North Justice Center - Traffic - Appellate Desk

Hon. Allen K. Stone, Commissioner - c/o J.A.G.

Hon. Sheila F. Hanson, Supervising Judge - Dept. N7

I certify that I am not a party to this action and that this certificate was mailed in accordance with Section 1013a of the Code of Civil Procedure. A copy of this Notice of Filing of Judgment/Order with a copy of the Judgment/Order was deposited in the United States mail, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid addressed as shown above. The mailing and this certification occurred at Santa Ana, California, on August 14, 2009

ALAN CARLSON, Clerk of the Court

HEATHER POTTER

H. Potter, Deputy Clerk

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ORANGE CENTRAL JUSTICE CENTER

## APPELLATE DIVISION

AUG 14 2009

## SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

ALAN CARLSON, Clerk of the Court

BY H. POTTER

COUNTY OF ORANGE

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff and Respondent,

vs.

CASE NO. 30-2008-93057

ORDER ON APPEAL
from the
SUPERIOR COURT
of
ORANGE COUNTY
NORTH JUSTICE CENTER

Defendant and Appellant.

FRANCO

HON. ALLEN K. STONE, COMMISSIONER

The City of Fullerton, as purported "Real Party in Interest," moves to recall the remittitur which was issued on December 9, 2008. The motion is denied for the reasons discussed below.

Long or unexcused delay in seeking recall of a remittitur justifies denial of relief. Action must be taken by the moving party "as soon as he learns of the facts upon which the motion is based." Bryan v. Bank of America (2001) 86 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 185, 192. The City acknowledges it had, at minimum, constructive notice of the decision in this case no later than January 2009. No satisfactory explanation for the delay in seeking relief has been provided.

Notice of the appeal was provided to the People of the State of California in care of the Orange County District Attorney.

Pursuant to Government Code section 26500, the district attorney is the public prosecutor "except as otherwise provided by law."

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While the law provides for a City Attorney to act as the People's designated representative, the City of Fullerton has not so designated itself with the court as a general matter in traffic matters, as it's counsel acknowledged at the hearing on the motion. Moreover, the court's records show that the City received notice of the appeal by virtue of the "Notice of Filing Notice of Appeal" served by the clerk on the Fullerton Police Department in Evidence Code section 641 provides a care of Officer McElwee. statutory presumption that an item properly mailed is received in the ordinary course of mail. Although Officer McElwee has declared that she, personally, did not receive the notice, her declaration is insufficient to rebut the presumption that the notice was delivered to the Fullerton Police Department. not the court's obligation to ensure that the Police Department delivers the notice to the named officer.

The City attempts to place the burden of notifying any actual or potential "Real Party in Interest" on the court. The court cannot be expected to assume such a burden. In effect, the City would place on the court the obligation to ascertain the identity of any third party whose contractual rights might be affected by its decisions, and provide notice to those parties at the risk of entering a "void" judgment. The City has provided no authority for the proposition that the court is obligated to undertake such a burden, or how the court should go about making such determinations.

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It should be noted that the case cited by the City for the proposition the judgment in this case is "void" is so factually distinguishable from this case as to have no application. An opinion's authority is no broader than its factual setting, and the parties cannot rely on a rule announced in a factually Finegan v. County of Los Angeles (2001) 91 dissimilar case. Reid v. Balter (1993) 14 Cal.App.4th 1186 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 1, 9. involved dismissal of a civil case based on plaintiffs' failure to appear at a status conference, where they had not been given proper notice that the case could be dismissed if they failed to The case is not authority for the argument that the judgment in this case is void for lack of notice to a claimed "Real Party in Interest" who has never appeared in the litigation, nor given notice to the court of its desire to do so.

The court is not persuaded that the California Supreme Court has ruled that the City is a Real Party in Interest entitled to prior notice. Although the Supreme Court listed the City as a Real Party in Interest in the docket in People v. Fischetti, the Court did not hold specifically that the City has standing to appear in automated enforcement actions.

The motion to recall the remittitur is denied.

\*GREGO'L. PRICKETT Acting Presiding Judge

<sup>\*</sup> Sitting by assignment of the Chief Justice of the California Supreme Court.